

6.5MHz, Rail-to-Rail I/O CMOS Operational Amplifier

Features

- Low Offset Voltage: 1mV (typ)
- High Gain: 105dB (typ)
- High Gain Bandwidth Product: 6.5MHz
- Rail-to-rail Input/Output
- Low I_B : 5pA (typ)
- Low supply voltage: +2.5 V to +5.5 V
- Low Power Consumption: 580 μ A at 5 V (per amplifier)
- Extended Temperature : -40°C to +125°C

Applications

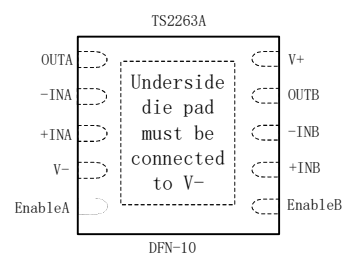
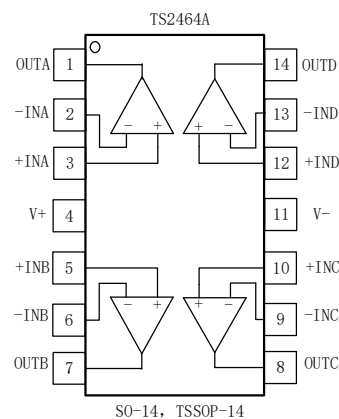
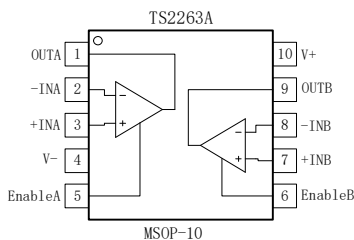
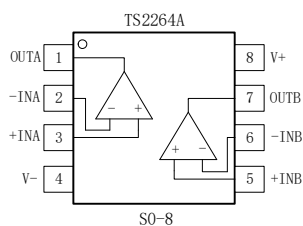
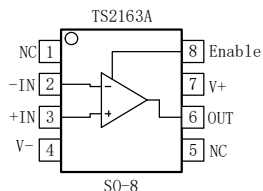
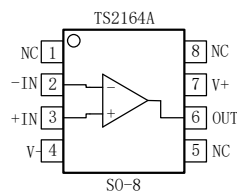
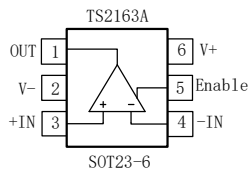
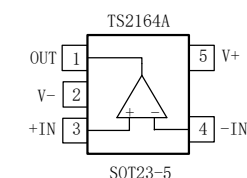
- Signal Conditioning
- Current Sensor Amplifier
- Battery-Powered Applications
- Portable Devices
- Active Filtering
- Weight Scale Sensor
- Medical/Industrial Instrumentation
- Power Converter/Inverter

Product Description

The TS2163A/TS2164A families of products are low noise, low voltage and low power operational amplifiers with high gain-bandwidth product of 6.5MHz and slew rate of 5V/ μ s. The maximum input offset voltage is only 4mV and the input common mode range extends beyond the supply rails.

TS2163A/TS2164A families of operational amplifiers are specified at the full temperature range of -40°C to +125°C under single or dual power supplies of 2.7V to 5.5V, however these products will operate under an extended supply range from 2.5V to 5.5V at a reduced temperatures range.

The TS2163A and TS2263A have a power-down feature that reduces the supply current to 1 μ A.



ORDERING INFORMATION

Model	Part Number	Eco Plan	Package	AMP	Shutdown	Container, Pack Qty
TS2164A	TS2164ASOT235R	Rohs	SOT23-5	1	NO	Reel,3000
TS2164A	TS2164ASO8R	Rohs	SO-8	1	NO	Reel,2500
TS2163A	TS2163ASOT236R	Rohs	SOT23-6	1	YES	Reel,3000
TS2163A	TS2163ASO8R	Rohs	SO-8	1	YES	Reel,2500
TS2263A	TS2263AMSOP10R	Rohs	MSOP-10	2	YES	Reel,4000
TS2264A	TS2264ASO8R	Rohs	SO-8	2	NO	Reel,2500
TS2264A	TS2264AMSO8R	Rohs	MSOP-8	2	NO	Reel,4000
TS2264A	TS2264ATSSO8R	Rohs	TSSOP-8	2	NO	Reel,4000
TS2464A	TS2464ASO14R	Rohs	SO-14	4	NO	Reel,2500
TS2464A	TS2464ATSSOP14R	Rohs	TSSOP-14	4	NO	Reel,3000
TS2263A	TS2263ADFN10R	Rohs	DFN-10	2	YES	Reel,2500

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage		7	V
Signal Input Terminal voltage	(V-)-0.5	(V+)+0.5	V
Operating Temperature	-50	150	°C
Junction Temperature		150	°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65	150	°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10s)		260	°C
ESD HBM		±3000	V
ESD MM		±400	V
ESC CDM		±1000	V

ESD CAUTION



ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device
Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjects to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: $V_S = +2.7V$ to $+5.5V$

Boldface limits apply over the specified temperature range, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$.

At $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$ connected to $V_S/2$, and $V_{OUT} = V_S/2$, unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Parameter	Operating Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V _S	Power Supply Voltage		2.7		5.5	V
V _{IN +/-}	Input Voltage Range		(V-)-0.2		(V+) +0.2	V
I _S	Supply Current(per amplifer)	I _O =0		580	750	μA
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio T_A = -40°C to +125°C	V _S =2.7 to V _S =5.5V, V _{CM} <(V+) - 2V		25	125 150	μV/V
Input Characteristics						
V _{OS}	Input Offset Voltage	V _S =5.5V		1	3.5	mV
dV _{OS} /dT	Average Drift			3		μV/°C
I _B	Input Bias Current			5		pA
I _{OS}	Input Offset Current			5		pA
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	(V-)-0.2V< V _{CM} <(V+)-2V	76	88		dB
	T_A = -40°C to +125°C	(V-)-0.2V< V_{CM}<(V+)-2V	68	72		dB
		V _S = 5.5V, (V-) - 0.2V < V _{CM} < (V+) + 0.2V	64			dB
	T_A = -40°C to +125°C	V_S = 5.5V, (V-) - 0.2V < V_{CM}< (V+) + 0.2V	58			dB
AOL	Open-Loop Gain	V _S =5V R _L =5KΩ	96	105		dB
	T_A = -40°C to +125°C	(V-) + 0.125V < V _{out} < (V+) - 0.125V	85			dB
	Open-Loop Gain	V _S =5V R _L =100kΩ	95	104		dB
	T_A = -40°C to +125°C	(V-)-25mV<V _{out} <(V+)-25mV	85			dB
Output Characteristics						
V _{OUT}	Output Voltage Swing from Rail	R _L =100KΩ		18	25	mV
	T_A = -40°C to +125°C	R_L=100KΩ			25	mV
I _{OUT}	Output Voltage Swing from Rail	R _L =5KΩ		100	125	mV
R _{OUT}	T_A = -40°C to +125°C	R_L=5KΩ			125	mV
	Output Current		See typical characteristics			
	Open-Loop Output Impedance	f = 1MHz, I _O = 0		40		Ω
Dynamic Performance						
GBW	Gain Bandwidth Product			6.5		MHz
t _s	Settling Time to 0.1%	V _{OUT} =2V step; G=+1		1		μs
	Settling Time to 0.01%	V _{OUT} =2V step; G=+1		1.5		μs
	Overload recovery time	V _{in} *Gain>V _S		0.2		μs
SR	Slew Rate	G= +1		5		V/μs
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion+ Noise	V _S =5V, V _o =3Vpp, G= +1, f=1kHz		TBD		%

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: $V_S = +2.7V$ to $+5.5V$

Boldface limits apply over the specified temperature range, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$.

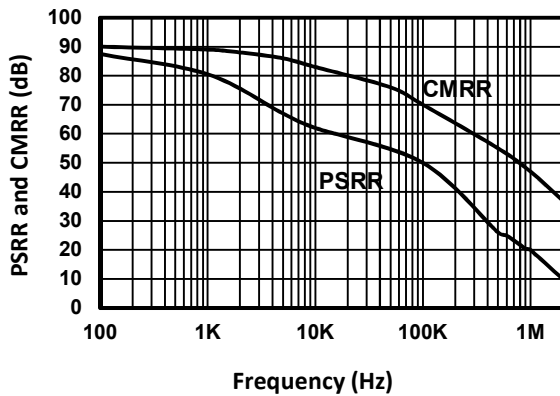
At $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$ connected to $V_S/2$, and $V_{OUT} = V_S/2$, unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Parameter	Operating Conditions	Min	Type	Max	Unit
Noise Performance						
V_{noise}	Input Voltage Noise	$f=0.1Hz$ to $10Hz$		5		μV_{pp}
e_n	Input Voltage Noise Density	$f=10kHz$		15		$nV/\sqrt{Hz}$
i_n	Input Current Noise Density	$f=10kHz$		4		$fA/\sqrt{Hz}$
Temperature Range						
θ_{JA}	Specified Range		-40		+125	$^{\circ}C$
	Operating Range		-50		+150	$^{\circ}C$
	Storage Range		-65		+150	$^{\circ}C$
	Thermal Resistance					
	SOT23-5, SOT23-6, SOT23-8			200		$^{\circ}C/W$
	MSOP-10, SO-8			150		$^{\circ}C/W$
	SO-14, TSSOP-14			100		$^{\circ}C/W$
	DFN-10			56		$^{\circ}C/W$

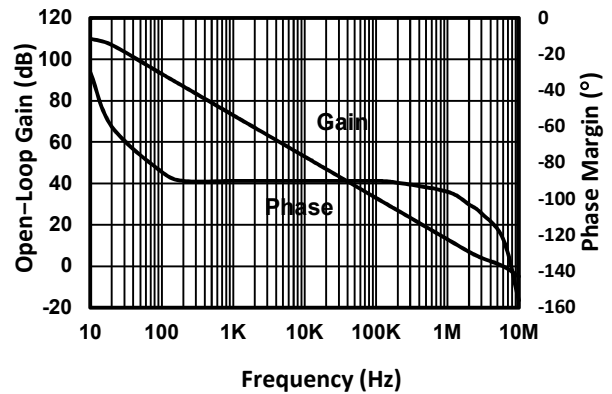
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

At $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $R_L = 10\text{k}\Omega$ connected to $V_S/2$, and $V_{OUT} = V_S/2$, unless otherwise noted.

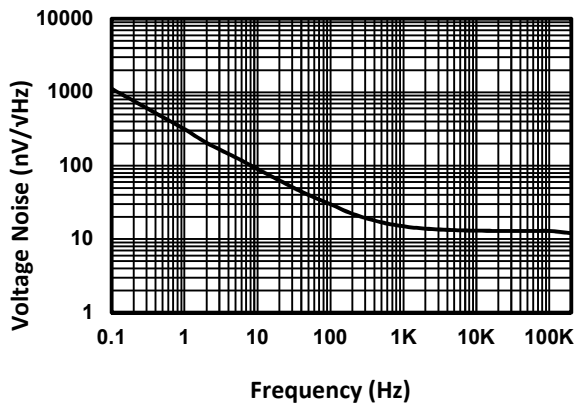
**POWER-SUPPLY AND COMMON-MODE
REJECTION RATIO vs FREQUENCY**



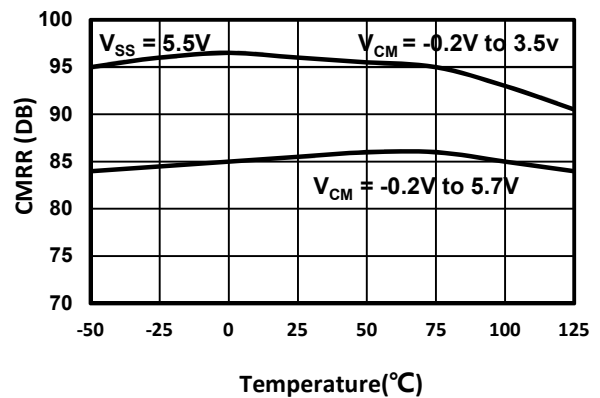
**OPEN-LOOP GAIN AND PHASE vs
FREQUENCY**



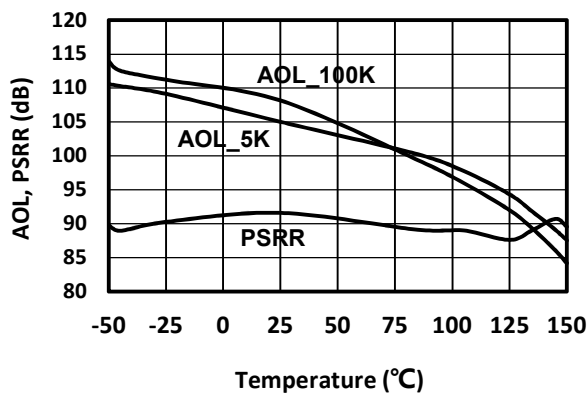
**INPUT VOLTAGE NOISE
SPECTRAL DENSITY vs FREQUENCY**



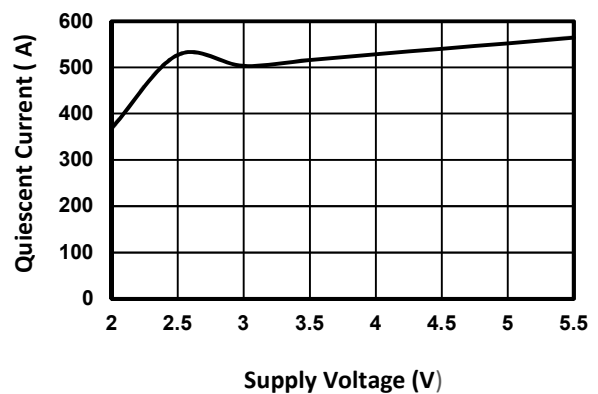
**COMMON-MODE REJECTION RATION
vs TEMPERATURE**



**OPEN-LOOP GAIN AND POWER-SUPPLY
REJECTION RATIO vs TEMPERATURE**



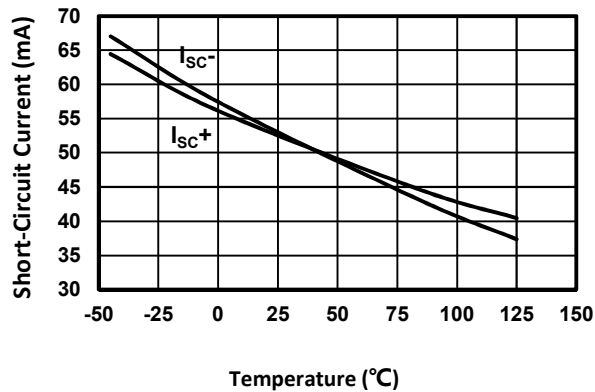
**QUIESCENT CURRENT
vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE**



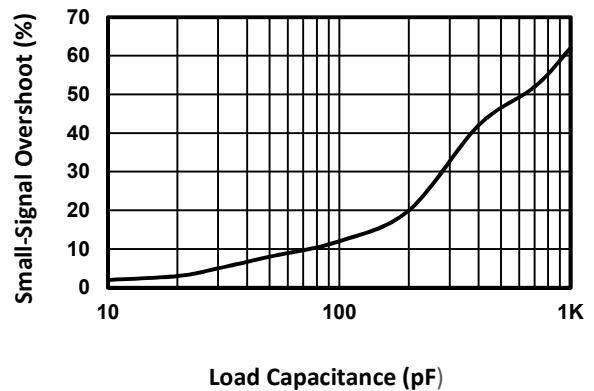
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

At $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $R_L = 10\text{k}\Omega$ connected to $V_S/2$, and $V_{OUT} = V_S/2$, unless otherwise noted.

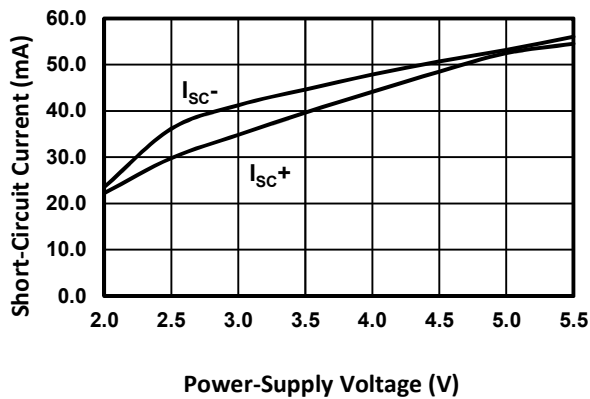
SHORT-CIRCUIT CURRENT vs
TEMPERATURE



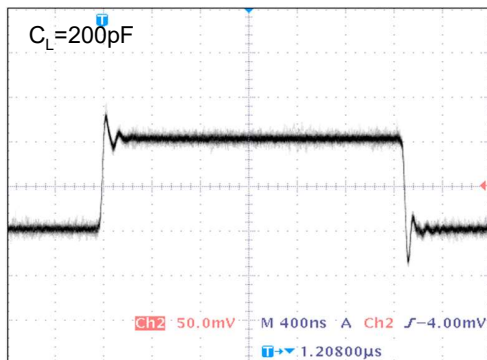
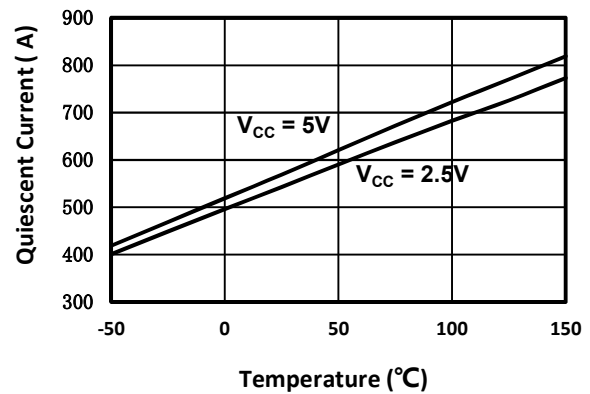
SMALL-SIGNAL OVERSHOOT vs
LOAD CAPACITANCE



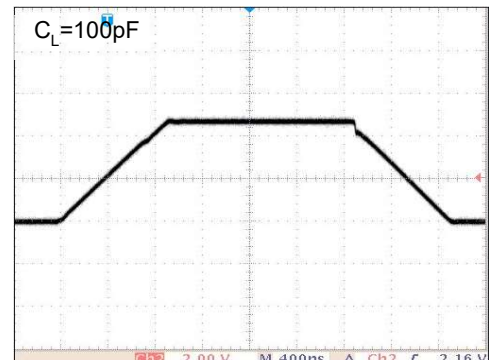
CONTINUOUS SHORT-CIRCUIT CURRENT
vs POWER-SUPPLY VOLTAGE



QUIESCENT CURRENT vs
TEMPERATURE



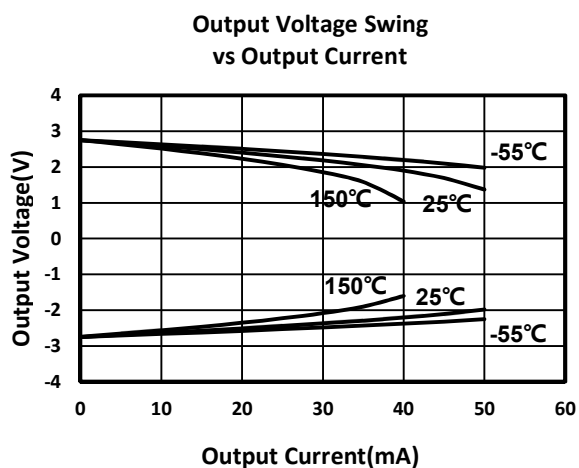
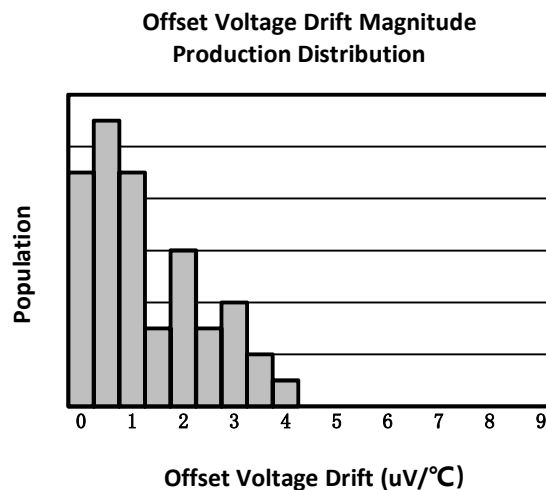
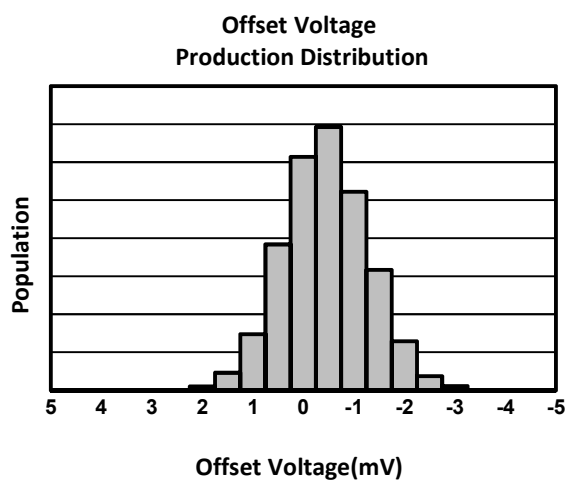
Small-Signal Step Response



Large-Signal Step Response

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

At $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $R_L = 10\text{k}\Omega$ connected to $V_S/2$, and $V_{OUT} = V_S/2$, unless otherwise noted.



APPLICATION NOTES

The TS2163A and TS2164A families of op amps are suitable for a wide range of general-purpose applications. They provide Rail-to-rail input and output. Excellent ac performance makes them well-suited for audio and sensor applications. The input common-mode voltage range includes both rails, allowing the TS2163A and TS2164A families op amps to be used in bipolar and unipolar application. Rail-to-rail input and output swing significantly increases dynamic range, especially in low-supply applications. Power-supply pins should be bypassed with 0.1 μ F ceramic capacitors.

POWER SUPPLY

The TS2163A and TS2164A families operate from a single +2.5V to +5.5V supply or dual ± 1.25 V to ± 2.75 V supplies. For single supply operation, bypass the power supply +VS with a 0.1 μ F capacitor which should be placed close to the +VS pin. For dual-supply operation, both the +VS and the -VS supplies should be bypassed to ground with separate 0.1 μ F ceramic capacitors. 2.2 μ F tantalum capacitor can be added for better performance.

The TS2163A and TS2164A families are ideal for battery-powered instrumentation and handheld devices because it can operate at the end of discharge voltage of most popular batteries.

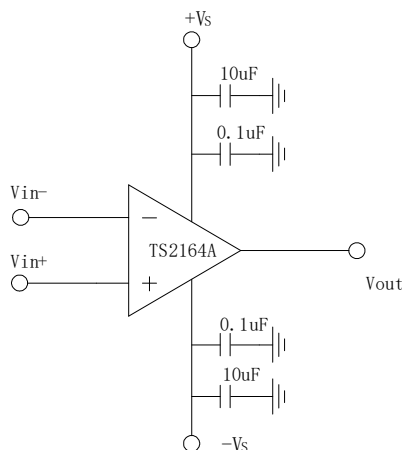


Figure1. Amplifier with Bypass Capacitors

DRIVING CAPACITIVE LOADS

The TS2163A and TS2164A families can directly drive 1000pF in unity-gain without oscillation. The unity-gain follower (buffer) is the most sensitive

configuration to capacitive loading. Direct capacitive loading reduces the phase margin of amplifiers and this result in ringing or even oscillation. Applications that require greater capacitive driving capability should use an isolation resistor between the output and the capacitive load like the circuit in Figure2. The isolation resistor R_{ISO} and the load capacitor C_L form a zero to increase stability. The bigger the R_{ISO} resistor value, the more stable V_{OUT} will be. Note that this method results in a loss of gain accuracy because R_{ISO} forms a voltage divider with the R_{LOAD} .

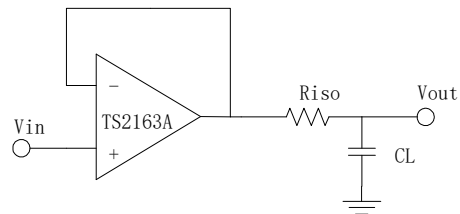


Figure 2. Indirectly Driving Heavy Capacitive Load

An improved circuit is shown in Figure 3. It provides DC accuracy as well as AC stability. R_f provides the DC accuracy by connecting the inverting signal with the output. C_f and R_{ISO} serve to counteract the loss of phase margin by feeding the high frequency component of the output signal back to the amplifier's inverting input, thereby preserving phase margin in the overall feedback loop.

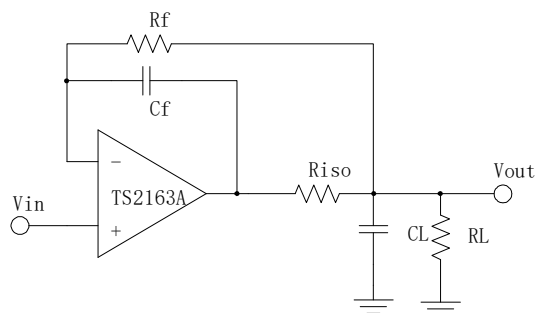


Figure 3. Indirectly Driving Heavy Capacitive Load with DC Accuracy

For non-buffer configuration, there are two other ways to increase the phase margin: (a) by increasing the amplifier's gain or (b) by placing a capacitor in parallel with the feedback resistor to counteract the parasitic capacitance associated with inverting node.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

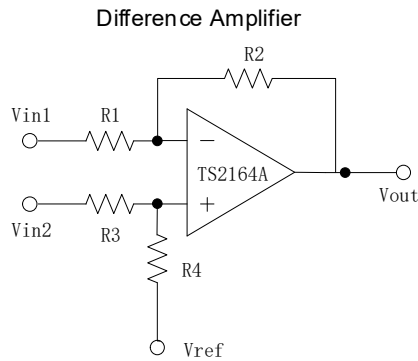


Figure 4. Differential Amplifier

The circuit shown in Figure 4 performs the difference function. If the resistor ratios are equal ($R4/R3 = R2/R1$) then $V_{out} = (V_{in2} - V_{in1}) \times R2/R1 + V_{ref}$.

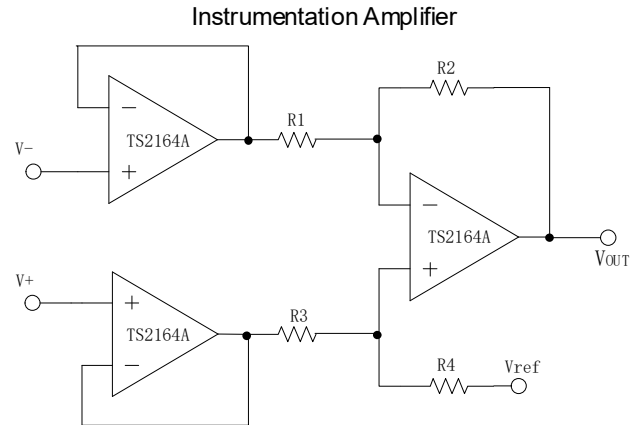


Figure 6. Instrumentation Amplifier

The circuit in Figure 6 performs the same function as that in Figure 4 but with the high input impedance.

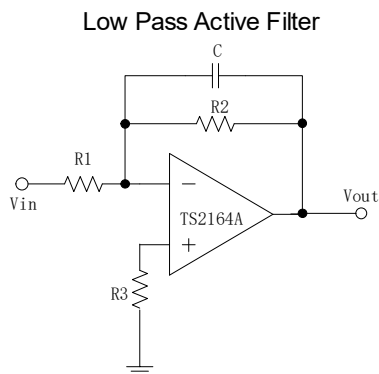
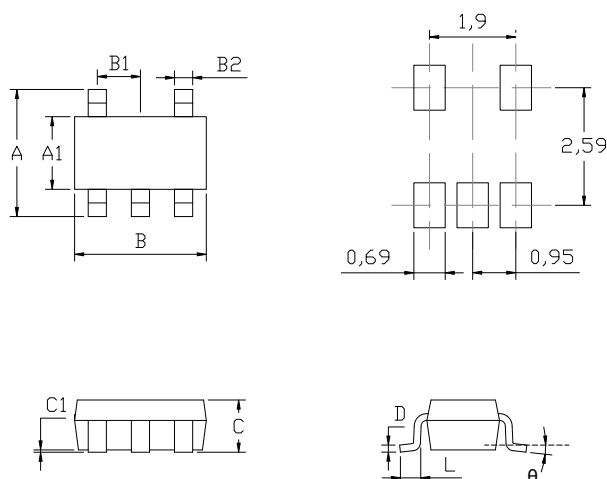


Figure 5. Low Pass Active Filter

The low pass filter shown in Figure 5 has a DC gain of $(-R2 / R1)$ and the -3dB corner frequency is $1/2\pi R2C$. Make sure the filter is within the bandwidth of the amplifier. The Large values of feedback resistors can couple with parasitic capacitance and cause undesired effects such as ringing or oscillation in high-speed amplifiers. Keep resistors value as low as possible and consistent with output loading consideration.

MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

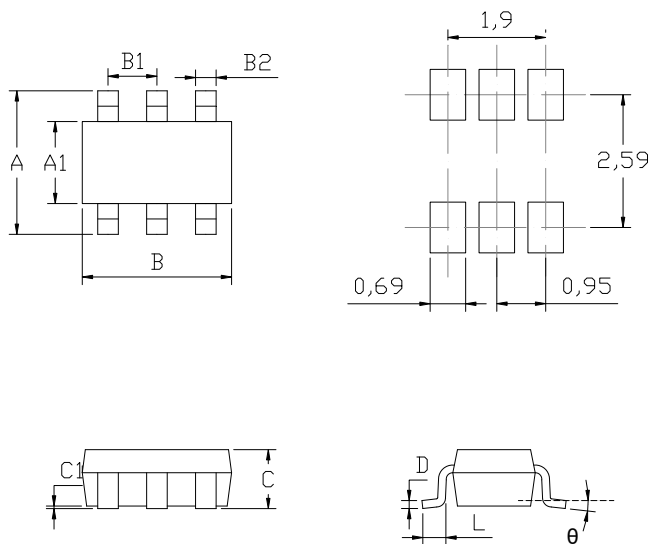
SOT23-5 PACKAGE MECHANICAL DRAWING



SOT23-5 PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

symbol	dimensions			
	millimeters		inches	
	min	max	min	max
A	2.6	3	0.1024	0.1181
A1	1.45	1.75	0.0571	0.0689
B	2.75	3.05	0.1083	0.1201
B1	0.95		0.0374	
B2	0.3	0.5	0.0118	0.0197
C		1.45MAX		0.0571MAX
C1	0	0.15	0.0000	0.0059
L	0.3	0.5	0.0118	0.0197
D	0.08	0.22	0.0031	0.0087
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

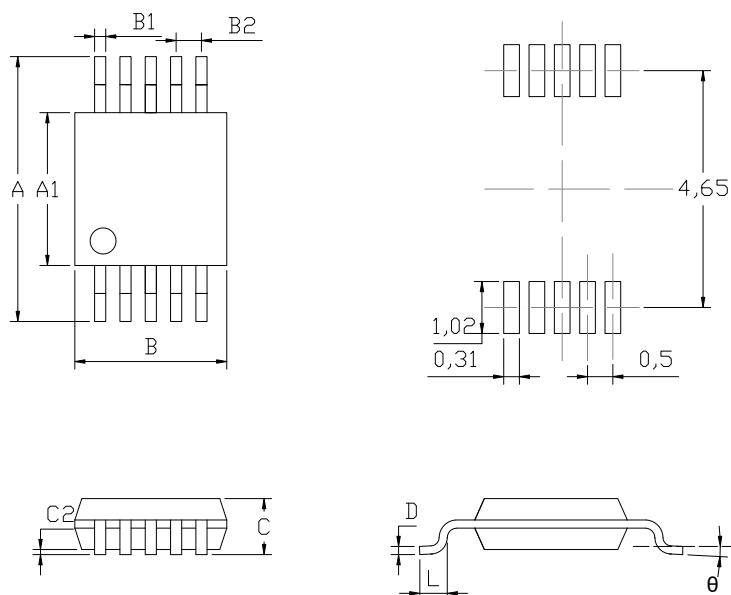
SOT23-6 PACKAGE MECHANICAL DRAWING



SOT23-6 PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

symbol	dimensions			
	millimeters		inches	
	min	max	min	max
A	2.6	3	0.1024	0.1181
A1	1.45	1.75	0.0571	0.0689
B	2.75	3.05	0.1083	0.1201
B1	0.95		0.0374	
B2	0.3	0.5	0.0118	0.0197
C		1.45MAX		0.0571 MAX
C1	0	0.15	0.0000	0.0059
L	0.3	0.5	0.0118	0.0197
D	0.08	0.22	0.0031	0.0087
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

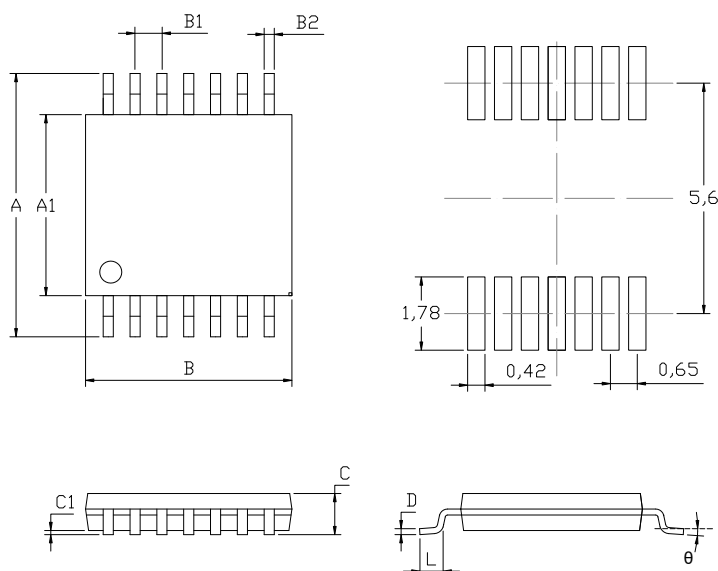
MSOP-10 PACKAGE MECHANICAL DRAWING



MSOP-10 PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

symbol	dimensions			
	millimeters		inches	
	min	max	min	max
A	4.75	5.05	0.1870	0.1988
A1	2.9	3.1	0.1142	0.1220
B	2.9	3.1	0.1142	0.1220
B1	0.50		0.0197	
B2	0.17	0.27	0.0067	0.0106
C		1.10MAX		0.0433
C1	0.05	0.15	0.0020	0.0059
L	0.4	0.7	0.0157	0.0276
D	0.13	0.23	0.0051	0.0091
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

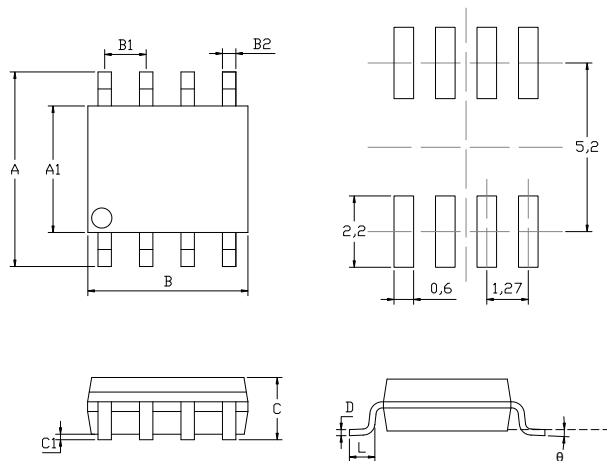
TSSOP-14 PACKAGE MECHANICAL DRAWING



TSSOP-14 PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

symbol	dimensions			
	millimeters		inches	
	min	max	min	max
A	6.2	6.6	0.2441	0.2598
A1	4.3	4.5	0.1693	0.1772
B	4.9	5.1	0.1929	0.2008
B1	0.65		0.0256	
B2	0.19	0.3	0.0075	0.0118
C		1.20MAX		0.0472MAX
C1	0.05	0.15	0.0020	0.0059
L	0.5	0.75	0.0197	0.0295
D	0.1	0.2	0.0039	0.0079
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

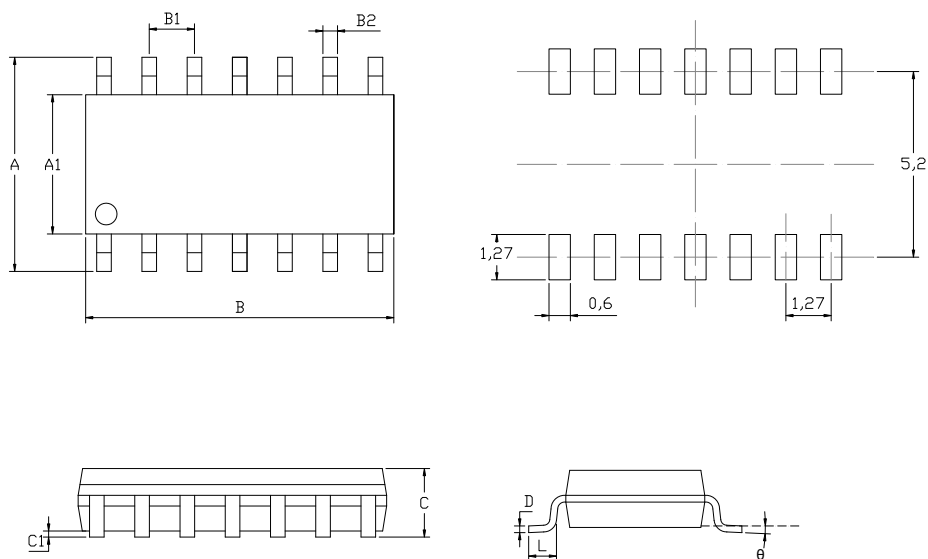
SO-8 PACKAGE MECHANICAL DRAWING



SO-8 PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

symbol	dimensions			
	millimeters		inches	
	min	max	min	max
A	5.8	6.2	0.2283	0.2441
A1	3.8	4	0.1496	0.1575
B	4.8	5	0.1890	0.1969
B1	1.27		0.0500	
B2	0.31	0.51	0.0122	0.0201
C		1.75MAX		0.0689MAX
C1	0.1	0.25	0.0039	0.0098
L	0.4	1.27	0.0157	0.0500
D	0.13	0.25	0.0051	0.0098
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

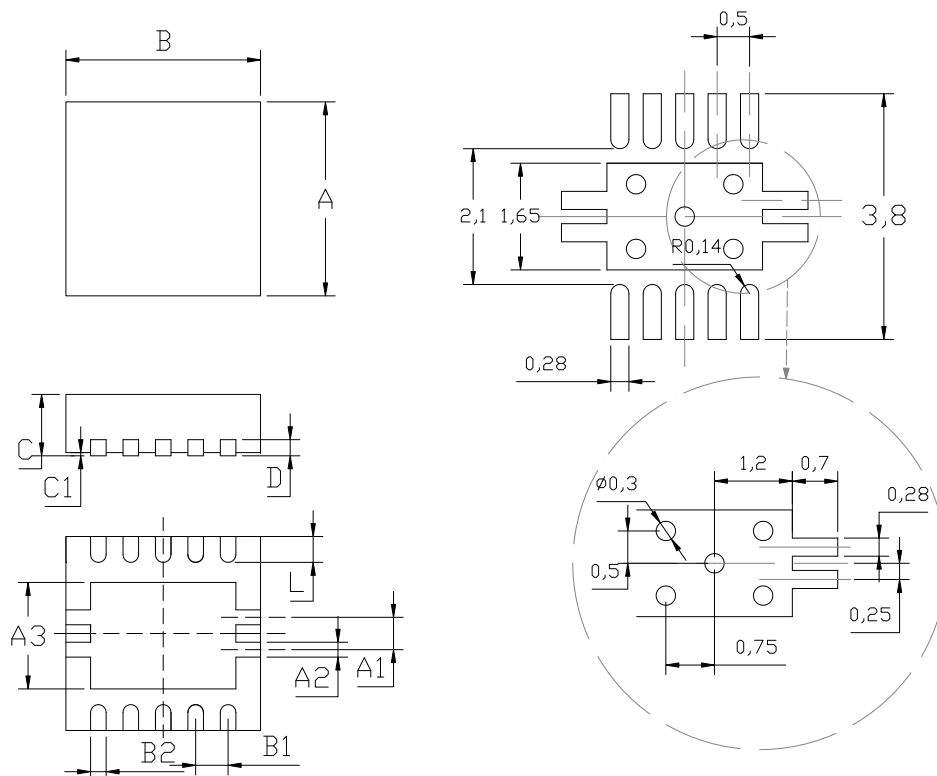
SO-14 PACKAGE MECHANICAL DRAWING



SO-14 PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

symbol	dimensions			
	millimeters		inches	
	min	max	min	max
A	6.2	5.8	0.2441	0.2283
A1	3.8	4	0.1496	0.1575
B	8.55	8.75	0.3366	0.3445
B1	1.27		0.0500	
B2	0.31	0.51	0.0122	0.0201
C		1.75MAX		0.0689
C1	0.1	0.25	0.0039	0.0098
L	0.4	1.27	0.0157	0.0500
D	0.13	0.25	0.0051	0.0098
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

DFN-10 PACKAGE MECHANICAL DRAWING



DFN-10 PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

symbol	dimensions			
	millimeters		inches	
	min	max	min	max
A	2.9	3.1	0.1142	0.1220
A1	0.5		0.0197	
A2	0.23		0.0091	
A3	1.55	1.75	0.0610	0.0689
B	2.9	3.1	0.1142	0.1220
B1	0.5		0.0197	
B2	0.18	0.3	0.0071	0.0118
C	0.8	1	0.0315	0.0394
C1	0	0.05	0.0000	0.0020
L	0.3	0.5	0.0118	0.0197
D	0.2		0.0079	

CONTACT INFORMATION

Trusignal Microelectronics

Phone: +86 512-65923982

Fax: +86 512-65923995

Email: support@kunyuanic.com; sales@kunyuanic.com